

# I-95 Rail Corridor Study Update

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# I-95 Rail Corridor

## Why is it Important?

- ❑ Nationally significant
  - Key link to the Southeast Corridor
  - Feeds into Washington, D.C. and points north
- ❑ A significant portion of Virginia's population lives in the jurisdictions adjacent to this corridor. Population is expected to grow 28% by 2025.
- ❑ State of the Commute on I-95
  - Without improvements, Level of Service expected to be F by 2025
  - Capacity improvements will be costly
- ❑ Major freight corridor

# Background I-95 Rail Corridor

- ❑ Owned by CSX Railroad, 118 miles from Union Station to Main Street Station
- ❑ VRE Operations
  - 14 trains/day on Fredericksburg Line
  - 16 trains/day on Manassas Line – join CSX in Alexandria
  - 12 Stations on the CSX Line
  - Ridership:           14,400 Total/Day  
                              7,600 Fredericksburg Line/Day  
                              6,800 Manassas Line/Day
- ❑ Amtrak Operations
  - Washington to Richmond: 18 trains/day
  - Approximately 600,000 riders/year
- ❑ CSX Operations
  - 25–30 through trains/day. Additional local trains throughout the corridor.
  - Primary North-South freight route on the East Coast
  - Richmond to Doswell line section has second highest rail tonnage on the entire I-95 corridor line (134.5 million Gross Tons – 2005 CSX Railroad Tonnage map)

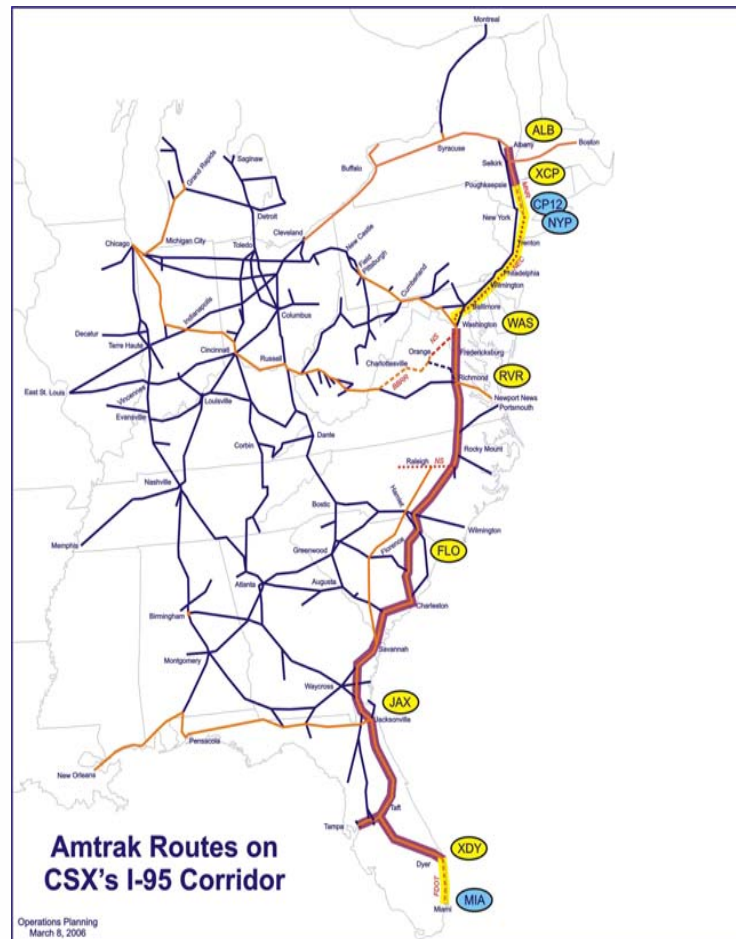
# History of Passenger Rail Operations

- ❑ Amtrak Operations
  - Service began in 1971
  - Amtrak has statutory right of access to freight railroads
  - Amtrak pays railroads only avoidable costs
  
- ❑ VRE Agreement
  - Service began June 1992
  - Operating Agreement requires construction of a third track at no expense to CSX before additional trains can be operated
  - CSX and VRE currently negotiating new agreement
  
- ❑ Passenger Rail Performance
  - On-time performance – VRE and Amtrak both at less than 50% this summer
  - Ridership has declined in 2006
    - VRE down by 7.5%
    - Amtrak down by 2.7%

# I-95 Rail Corridor Traffic Summary

## Washington to Richmond:

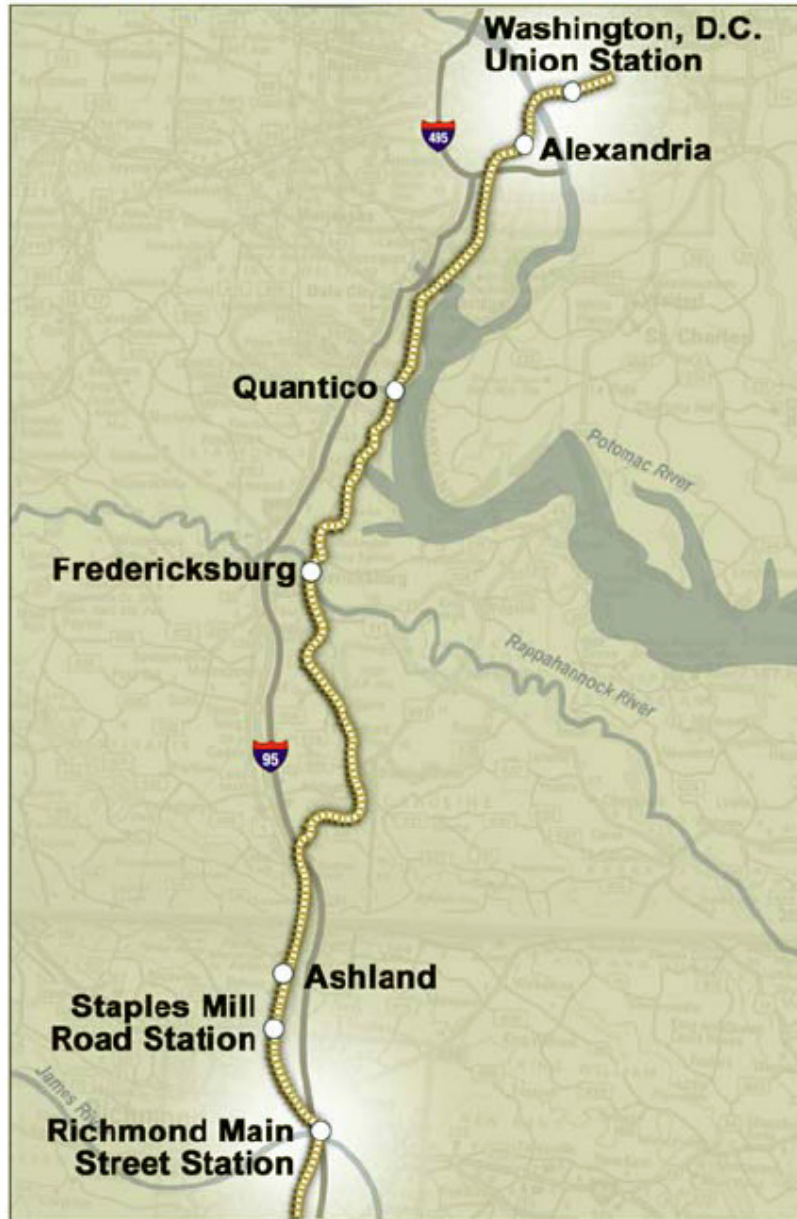
- 48 daily passenger trains
  - 18 Amtrak trains
  - 30 VRE trains
- 25-30 daily freight trains
- Average of 80/day



# I-95 Rail Corridor Previous Studies

- ❑ Washington, DC–Richmond Corridor Study, DRPT 1996
  - Concept and feasibility study
  - Identified 3<sup>rd</sup> track concept
  
- ❑ Washington–Richmond Supplement to NEC Transportation Plan, FRA 1999
  - Performed operational modeling
  - Identified specific Improvements
  
- ❑ Southeast High Speed Rail Corridor Draft Tier I EIS, DRPT/NCDOT 2002
  - Included as segment of Washington, D.C. to Charlotte, NC corridor
  
- ❑ Third Track Feasibility Study, DRPT 2006

# Washington, DC to Richmond Corridor



Six projects to improve passenger and freight rail capacity and reliability in the corridor

# Projects Funded Through VTA 2000

- ❑ **Arkendale Crossover:** add a crossover halfway between existing crossovers at Quantico and Dahlgren (near Fredericksburg) and update the signal system. Completed in August 2005.
- ❑ **Elmont Crossover:** add a crossover between Doswell and Greendale, about six miles north of Elmont and update the signal system. Completed in July 2006.
- ❑ **L'Enfant Third Track:** build 1 mile of third track from the west portal of Virginia Ave tunnel in Washington, DC southward to increase capacity. To be completed in spring 2007.
- ❑ **SRO-RO Third Track:** build 1 mile of third track between the south end of Long Bridge over the Potomac River to where the third track begins. Add a new crossover at Slater's Lane. To be completed in fall 2007.
- ❑ **Franconia Third Track:** build 7 miles of third track between Alexandria and Fairfax County. To be completed by end of 2007.
- ❑ **Fredericksburg Third Track:** upgrade a 3-mile controlled siding to mainline track conditions. To be completed in spring 2008.



# Additional Funds for VTA 2000 Projects

- ❑ DRPT is conducting an audit to validate project management, costs and schedule issues for the VTA 2000 projects
- ❑ At this point, approximately \$20 million will be needed to supplement the \$65.7 million originally provided
- ❑ Costs have increased due to:
  - Lack of PE for original estimates
  - Cost escalations
  - Project refinements

# Importance of Completing VTA 2000 Projects

- ❑ Improve reliability and on-time performance
- ❑ MOU allows addition of 4 VRE and/or Amtrak trains upon completion of 6 projects
- ❑ Reduce travel time between Staples Mill Station and Main St. Station in Richmond

Phase	Projects	Trains Added
I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AF Interlocking</li> <li>• Consolidation of dispatch functions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 experimental mid-day Mon – Thurs</li> <li>• 1 Regular mid-day Friday only</li> </ul>
II	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arkendale Crossovers</li> <li>• Elmont Crossovers</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Phase 1 experimental Monday – Thursday Train becomes regular</li> </ul>
III	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• L’Enfant 3<sup>rd</sup> Main</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 regular round trip Manassas Train</li> </ul>
IV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Slater’s Lane to RO 3<sup>rd</sup> Main, retiring SRO</li> <li>• Franconia 3<sup>rd</sup> Main</li> <li>• Completion of Quantico Bridge</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 regular round trip Fredericksburg train</li> </ul>
V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fredericksburg to HA 3<sup>rd</sup> Main</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 regular round trip Fredericksburg train</li> </ul>

# 2006 General Assembly Report

- General Assembly directive (HB 5012):
  - Advance the Third Track Study
  - Define project limits and conceptual design
  - Identify preliminary minimum cost
  - Address other related issues
  - Update approach and preliminary implementation schedule

# 2006 General Assembly Report

## Key Findings

- ❑ Feasibility of 3<sup>rd</sup> Track could not be determined from a cost or engineering perspective
- ❑ Minimum/partial cost estimate does not include:
  - Cost escalations due to inflation
  - Cost of electrification (\$953 M minimum cost)
  - Purchase of right-of-way
  - Relocation of utilities
  - Route through Ashland or Fredericksburg
  - Potomac bridge
- ❑ Total minimum/partial cost estimate:
  - Partial Third Track: \$612.2 million
  - Richmond Terminal: \$71.8 million
  - TOTAL: \$684.0 million- excluding items listed above, which could dramatically increase this estimate.
- ❑ Costs calculated in 2006 dollars

# Current and Ongoing Challenges

## Current project issues:

- Commonwealth is paying the full cost
- Estimates made without engineering: unrealistic cost, schedule and lack of well-defined scope

## Ongoing challenges:

- Lack of a mechanism to guarantee public benefits
- Limited funding
- No comprehensive plan for corridor operations
- Growing freight traffic limits availability for passenger service
- Heat restrictions
- VRE operational performance
- Amtrak service uncertainties

# I-95 Rail Corridor Future Strategic Approach

- ❑ Provide \$20 million to complete VTA 2000 projects
- ❑ Conduct a comprehensive Alternatives Analysis
- ❑ Include:
  - Operational modeling
  - Review of alternative right-of-way
  - Determination of public and private benefits
- ❑ Conduct environmental review and preliminary engineering
- ❑ Develop realistic cost estimates by conducting 30% engineering
- ❑ Establish governance agreements
- ❑ Identify a dedicated source of funding for capital and operating



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