

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

Commonwealth Transportation Board

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Agenda item # 9

RESOLUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH TRANSPORTATION BOARD

December 8, 2021

MOTION

<u>Made By:</u> Ms. Hynes <u>Seconded By:</u> Mr. Rucker <u>Action: Motion carried, unanimously</u>

<u>Title: Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term</u> <u>Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a</u> <u>summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly.</u>

WHEREAS, pursuant to § 33.2-353 of the Code of Virginia, the General Assembly of Virginia has directed the Commonwealth Transportation Board (hereinafter referred to as the Board), with assistance from the Office of Intermodal Planning and Investment (hereinafter referred to as OIPI), to conduct a comprehensive review of statewide transportation needs in a Statewide Transportation Plan (hereinafter referred to as VTrans); updated as needed, but no less than once every four years, and to establish goals, objectives, and priorities that cover at least a 20-year planning horizon; and

WHEREAS, the *VTrans Policy Guide* was developed by OIPI and the Board to outline the policies for VTrans and to serve as a resource for policymakers and the public for all matters relating to the development of VTrans; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to § 2.2-229, OIPI is directed to assist the Board in the development of a comprehensive, multimodal transportation policy, which may be developed as part of VTrans; and

WHEREAS, as presented to the Board on October 29, 2018, VTrans identifies needs for transportation capacity and safety improvements, project planning, and project development activities for up to 10 years into the future (hereinafter referred to as the VTrans Mid-term Needs), and long-term risks and opportunities (hereinafter referred to as VTrans Long-term Risks and Opportunities) for the planning horizon beyond ten years; and

Resolution of the Board Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly December 8, 2021 Page 2 of 3

WHEREAS, OIPI created a VTrans Steering Committee consisting of the Port of Virginia, DRPT's Transit, Rail, and Policy Divisions, and the following VDOT Divisions: Asset Management, Environmental, Financial Planning, Governance and Legislative Affairs, Infrastructure Investment, Local Assistance, Location & Design, Office of Strategic Innovation, Operations, Research Council (VTRC), Transportation and Mobility Planning, and Traffic Engineering to make recommendations and advise in the development of VTrans policies; and

WHEREAS, an approach to the identification of long-term risks and opportunities was presented to the Board on July 14, 2020; and

WHEREAS, the Board, pursuant to its action on March 17, 2021, directed that OIPI shall, under the direction of the Secretary of Transportation and in coordination with VDOT and DRPT, develop VTrans Strategic Actions to advance the Board's Vision and Goals by providing policy- and program-specific recommendations to address the identified and prioritized VTrans Mid-term Needs, as well as to address the VTrans Long-term Risks and Opportunities identified based on divergent future trends and a vulnerability assessment; and

WHEREAS, OIPI and the Board developed a new chapter for the *VTrans Policy Guide*, to be numbered Chapter 6, which outlines the policy for the development and monitoring of VTrans long-term risks and opportunities; and

WHEREAS, OIPI developed a document titled *Technical Guide: Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register* to provide technical details such as data sources, methods and techniques, and technical limitations; and

WHEREAS, the policy for the development and monitoring of VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register was presented to transportation stakeholders during a series of three webinars held on April 14, 2021, June 15, 2021, and September 20, 2021, and public comments were accepted until October 4, 2021; and

WHEREAS, the policy for the development and monitoring of VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register was presented to the Board on September 14, 2021, and October 19, 2021; and

WHEREAS, VTrans Strategic Actions, attached hereto as Attachment A, were presented to the Board on December 7, 2021.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Board hereby adopts the policy for the development and monitoring of the VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register as included in chapter 6 of the *VTrans Policy Guide*, attached hereto as Attachment B.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the methodology included in the *Technical Guide: Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register*, shall direct the development and monitoring of VTrans long-term risks and opportunities and may continue Resolution of the Board Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly December 8, 2021 Page 3 of 3

to evolve and improve based upon advances in technology, data collection, and reporting tools, and to the extent that any such improvements modify or affect the policy and process set forth in chapter 6 of the *VTrans Policy Guide*, they shall be brought to the Board for review and approval.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the Board hereby adopts the VTrans Strategic Actions attached hereto as Attachment A-

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the Board directs OIPI, in collaboration with VDOT and DRPT, to develop, no later than May 2022, and implement a plan to advance the VTrans Strategic Actions and report to the Board on the status of the implementation of the plan every six months; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that it is the intent of the Board that OIPI, VDOT, and DRPT shall undertake coordinated actions to minimize long-term risks and maximize benefits of long-term opportunities identified in the 2021 VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register as included in chapter 6 of the *VTrans Policy Guide* (Attachment B).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that it is the intent of the Board that outputs of VTrans policies, including, but not limited to, VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, and Guiding Principles, VTrans Mid-term Needs, and VTrans Risks and Opportunities as well as VTrans definitions for vulnerability and resiliency and concepts including, but not limited to, Equity Emphasis Areas, Activity Centers, market adoption curves for electric and automated vehicles, and impacts of VTrans Macrotrends shall be utilized by OIPI, VDOT and DRPT for statewide planning activities, and developing or modifying practices and Board policies to ensure consistency.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, pursuant to Code of Virginia § 33.2-353, OIPI shall submit VTrans, Virginia's Transportation Plan, to the Office of the Governor and the General Assembly.

CTB Decision Brief

Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly

Issue: Pursuant to § 33.2-353 of the Code of Virginia, the General Assembly of Virginia has directed the Commonwealth Transportation Board (the Board), with assistance from the Office of Intermodal Planning and Investment (OIPI), to conduct a comprehensive review of statewide transportation needs in a Statewide Transportation Plan. VTrans is Virginia's statewide transportation plan, developed in response to § 33.2-353. OIPI and the Board developed the *VTrans Policy Guide*, which outlines the Board's policies related to VTrans and serves as a resource for policymakers and others. The Board is being requested to update the VTrans Policy Guide with a new policy, policy for the development and monitoring of the VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register, included in a new chapter, chapter 6, of the *VTrans Policy Guide* (Attachment B). The Board is also being requested to take action on the VTrans Strategic Actions (Attachment A) and direct OIPI to submit a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and General Assembly.

Facts: Pursuant to § 33.2-353, the General Assembly has directed that the Statewide Transportation Plan shall establish goals, objectives, and priorities that cover at least a 20-year planning horizon. The Board kicked off the development of the VTrans Update on October 29, 2018. VTrans includes two planning horizons: the mid-term horizon identifies needs for transportation capacity and safety improvements, project planning, and project development for up to 10 years into the future (VTrans Mid-term Needs) and long-term risks and opportunities (VTrans Long-term Risks and Opportunities) for the planning horizon beyond ten years.

An approach to the identification of long-term risks and opportunities was presented to the Board on July 14, 2020 (VTrans Project Pipeline and Long-term Needs, presentation by Donohue and Ramchandani). The Board directed OIPI to develop VTrans Strategic Actions to advance the Board's Vision and Goals by providing policy- and program-specific recommendations to address the identified and prioritized VTrans Mid-term Needs, as well as to address the VTrans Long-term Risks and Opportunities identified based on divergent future trends and a vulnerability assessment. Extensive coordination was conducted with VDOT and DRPT throughout the development of the policy for the development and monitoring of the VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register. The chapter 6 of the *VTrans Policy Guide*, and the *Technical Guide: Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register* were made available for public review and comment.

VTrans Strategic Actions were presented to the Board on December 7, 2021 (VTrans Strategic Actions, presentation by Donohue and Ramchandani).

Recommendations: OIPI recommends the adoption of the policy for the development and monitoring of the VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register as included in chapter 6 of the *VTrans Policy Guide*, attached hereto as Attachment B.

CTB Decision Brief Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly December 8, 2021 Page 2 of 2

It is also recommended that VTrans Strategic Actions, attached hereto as Attachment A, are adopted, and direction be given to OIPI to *develop and implement a plan, in collaboration with VDOT and DRT no later than May 2022 and to* report progress *on an annual basis semi-annual basis.*

It is also recommended that OIPI, VDOT, and DRPT shall undertake coordinated actions to minimize long-term risks and maximize the benefits of long-term opportunities identified in the 2021 VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register.

It is also recommended that outputs of VTrans policies, including, but not limited to, VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, and Guiding Principles, VTrans Mid-term Needs, and VTrans Risks and Opportunities as well as VTrans definitions for vulnerability and resiliency and concepts including, but not limited to, Equity Emphasis Areas, Activity Centers, market adoption curves for electric and automated vehicles, and impacts of VTrans Macrotrends shall be utilized by OIPI, VDOT, and DRPT for statewide planning activities, and developing or modifying practices and Board policies.

Action Required by CTB: The Board will be presented with a resolution for a formal vote to adopt the policy for the development and monitoring of the VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register as included in chapter 6 of the *VTrans Policy Guide*, adopt the VTrans Strategic Actions, direct OIPI to collaborate with VDOT, DRPT, and other stakeholders and report progress on the strategic actions once per calendar year. The Board also directs OIPI to submit a summary of the VTrans to the Governor and the General Assembly.

Result, if Approved: If approved, the policy for the development and monitoring of the VTrans long-term risk and opportunity register will be formally included as chapter 6 of the *VTrans Policy Guide,* which encompasses all statewide transportation policies established as part of VTrans.

OIPI will report progress on VTrans Strategic Actions once per calendar year.

OIPI will make a summary of the VTrans publicly available and submit it to the Governor and the General Assembly.

Options: Approve, Deny, or Defer.

Public Comments/Reactions: None

Attachment A: 2021 VTrans Strategic Actions¹

- 1. Collect data (e.g., right-of-way mapping, precipitation, roadway elevation, etc.) to accurately assess flooding risks for state- and locally-maintained roadways that can be used to identify funding needs and prioritize investment.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT
 - Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item #2: Several unknown and unquantified flooding risks are present.
- 2. Develop policies, based on robust data collection and analysis, to ensure flooding risks are reflected in transportation asset life cycle and/or transportation project planning processes.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT, DRPT
 - Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item #4: Proactively eliminate or mitigate identified flooding risks.
- 3. Collaborate with state/regional agencies to systematically identify solutions that facilitate consistent and systematic prioritization and support the allocation of state resources to address flooding risks.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT, DRPT
 - Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item #4: Proactively eliminate or mitigate identified flooding risks.
- 4. Evaluate options to gather vehicle automation and capability data for the state's registered vehicle fleet to develop a more complete and accurate assessment of risks and opportunities associated with automated vehicles.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT
 - Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item # 7: Improve the state's ability to manage a transportation system with a high number of highly autonomous vehicles.
- 5. Develop a roadmap for implementing foundational digital practices such as digital asbuilts (DABs) and information management processes for capturing asset information for transportation infrastructure.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT, DRPT

¹ VTrans Strategic Actions are not listed in any particular order as many of them are interrelated. Some strategies may require adjustment or sequential implementation depending on the status of other strategies.

Attachment A: 2021 VTrans Strategic Actions Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly December 8, 2021 Page 2 of 3

- Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item # 7: Improve the state's ability to manage a transportation system with a high number of highly autonomous vehicles, and VTrans Guiding Principle # 3: Efficient delivery of programs.
- 6. Evaluate and facilitate desirable deployment of vehicle-to-infrastructure communications along limited-access highways by the private sector.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT
 - Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item # 8: Maximize safety benefits offered by highly autonomous vehicles, especially those with Automated Driving Systems.
- 7. Evaluate opportunities to provide access to the available real-time or up-to-date state transportation asset and operations data in digital formats for use by the public and industry partners to support autonomous vehicle deployment.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT, DRPT
 - Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item # 8: Maximize safety benefits offered by highly autonomous vehicles, especially those with Automated Driving Systems.
- 8. Identify and develop solutions to address barriers to the installation of electric vehicle charging infrastructure by the private sector.
 - Responsible entity(s): OIPI
 - Intent: Intent: This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Item # 10: Minimize environmental impacts of the transportation system development.
- 9. Evaluate and establish sidewalk and curb management best practices for state-owned roadways and promote them for locality-owned roadways.
 - Responsible entity(s): OIPI
 - This action addresses VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register Items: # 11: Increased curb access conflicts in urbanized areas due to shared mobility and e-commerce vehicles; #14: Utilize shared mobility services to improve accessibility; and # 15: Improve the state's ability to manage a transportation system with a high number of shared mobility vehicles.
- 10. Formalize a process for comprehensive needs identification and prioritization for the § 33.2-372: Interstate Operations and Enhancement Program utilizing the transportation planning policies established by the CTB in VTrans.

Attachment A: 2021 VTrans Strategic Actions

Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly December 8, 2021

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- Responsible entity(s): OIPI
- Intent: This action addresses: VTrans Mid-term Needs and Priority Locations; CTB Guiding Principle # 1: Optimize return on investment; and Guiding CTB Guiding Principle # 3: Efficiently deliver programs.
- 11. Evaluate the performance of selected construction projects from the SMART SCALE, Interstate Operations and Enhancement Program, Virginia Highway Safety Improvement Program, and DRPT's MERIT program to determine if the selected projects are providing the anticipated benefits and to support efforts to continue to improve project evaluation criteria and methods.
 - Responsible entity(s): OIPI
 - Intent: This action addresses: VTrans Mid-term Needs and Priority Locations; CTB Guiding Principle # 1: Optimize return on investment; and Guiding CTB Guiding Principle # 3: Efficiently deliver programs.
- 12. Establish a regular study cycle for Project Pipeline studies, as defined in the CTB Policy for the Prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs adopted in March 2021, to include solutions for the most up-to-date VTrans Priority 1 and 2 locations.
 - Responsible entity(s): OIPI
 - Intent: This action addresses: VTrans Mid-term Needs and Priority Locations; CTB Guiding Principle # 3: Efficiently deliver programs and Guiding; and CTB Guiding Principle # 5: Ensure Transparency and Accountability, and Promote Performance Management.
- 13. Evaluate the feasibility of and alternatives to a combined dashboard to monitor performance and delivery of projects and programs included in the Six-Year Improvement Program (SYIP).
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT, DRPT
 - Intent: This action addresses CTB Guiding Principle # 3: Efficiently deliver programs and Guiding Principle # 5: Ensure Transparency and Accountability, and Promote Performance Management.
- 14. Evaluate and, if feasible, integrate the remaining application-based highway and transit capital funding programs and transit operating funding programs administered by OIPI, VDOT, and DRPT into the SMART PORTAL to provide one-stop access to state's funding programs.
 - Responsible entity(s): VDOT, DRPT, OIPI

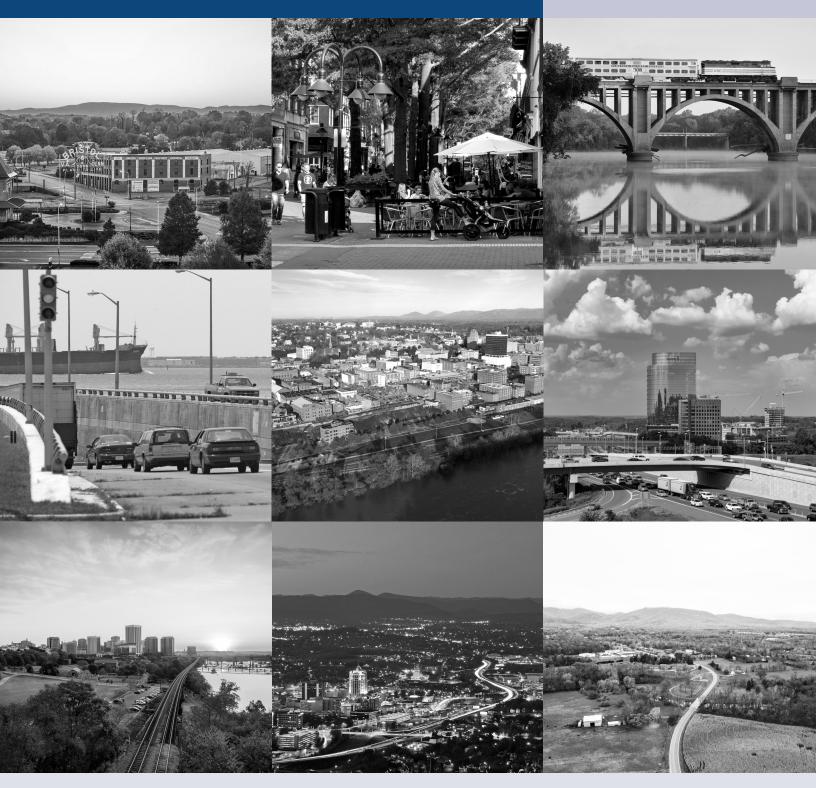
Attachment A: 2021 VTrans Strategic Actions Actions to adopt the Policy for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk and Opportunity Register, VTrans Strategic Actions, and direct submittal of a summary of the VTrans planning process to the Governor and the General Assembly December 8, 2021 Page 4 of 3

- Intent: This action addresses CTB Guiding Principle # 1: Optimize return on investment and Guiding Principle # 3: Efficiently deliver programs.
- 15. Identify and clarify roles and responsibilities of the state transportation agencies related to emerging areas such as curb management, shared mobility, drones, etc., to ensure greater focus.
 - Responsible entity(s): OIPI
 - Intent: This overarching action addresses all items identified in the VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register.
- 16. To methodically address items in the 2021 VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register, formalize OIPI's role in supporting and advising the CTB in the conduct of CTB business and developing a comprehensive transportation policy as required by 2.2-229.
 - Responsible entity(s): OIPI
 - Intent: This overarching action addresses all items identified in the VTrans Risk & Opportunity Register.

VTRANS POLICY GUIDE

- Vision, Goals, Objectives and Guiding Principles
- VTrans Travel Markets
- Identification and Prioritization of the Mid-term Transportation Needs
- Development and Monitoring of the Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register





PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF INTERMODAL PLANNING AND INVESTMENT FOR THE COMMONWEALTH TRANSPORTATION BOARD



December 2021

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Visit <u>vtrans.org</u> for additional details, updates, and documentation about the VTrans development process. Please contact the Statewide Transportation Planning (STP) Team at the Office of Intermodal Planning and Investment to request an alternative format.

VTrans, Office of Intermodal Planning and Investment 1221 E. Broad Street, 2nd Floor, East Wing Richmond, VA 23219 <u>comment@vtrans.org</u>

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CHAPTER 1: PURPOSE OF THE POLICY GUIDE

This Policy Guide outlines the Commonwealth Transportation Board's (CTB) policies related to VTrans, Virginia's transportation plan. As such, the Policy Guide is a resource for policymakers at all levels of government as well as for Virginians interested in policies that directly or indirectly influence allocation of limited transportation dollars and impact their day-to-day lives.

Identification and Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Needs

In light of limited transportation funding, the purpose of the policy for the identification and prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs is to provide a transparent, data-driven, systematic, and replicable process that is informed by public feedback to:

- 1. Identify pressing transportation needs that may require policies or investments, and
- 2.Prioritize the needs to determine a subset that are more critical and where solutions may make the biggest contribution to making progress towards the achievement of the CTB's transportation goals.

Details on the process and implementation of this policy can be found in the Technical Guide for the Identification and Prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs.

Development of the VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register

The purpose of a risk and opportunity register is to provide a better understanding of the potential changes that will affect Virginia's transportation system into the future and to allow for monitoring over time. While it is impossible to predict the future, we can be better prepared to handle changes in a way that can benefit the Commonwealth.

Details on the process and implementation of this policy can be found in the Technical Guide for the VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register.

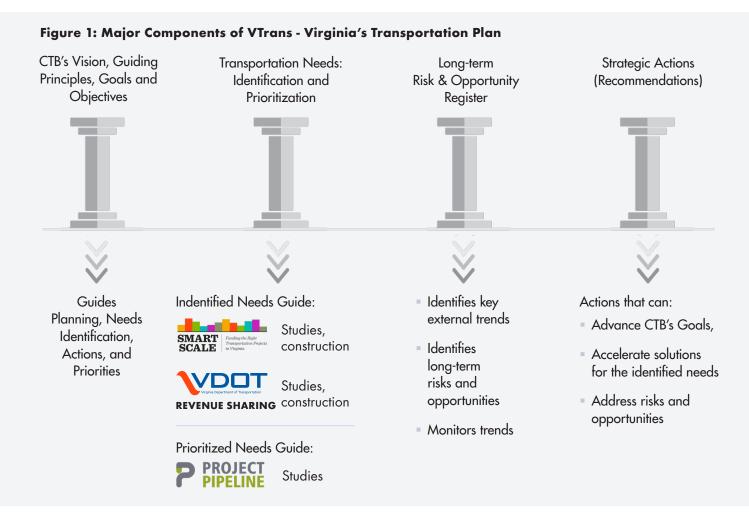
Public Involvement

Public and agency involvement is an integral part of the CTB's policy development process. This Policy Guide synthesizes existing relevant VTrans policies. Any comments and feedback on VTrans-related CTB Policies will be considered for future modifications of the policy.



CHAPTER 2: INTRODUCTION TO VTRANS – VIRGINIA'S TRANSPORTATION PLAN

VTrans is the plan to advance the Commonwealth Transportation Board's (CTB) vision for multimodal transportation in the Commonwealth. The CTB, with assistance from the Office of Intermodal Planning and Investment (OIPI),¹ develops VTrans to identify transportation needs which may be addressed by multimodal infrastructure projects, transportation strategies, creation of new policies, or modifications of existing policies. This Policy Guide addresses the components of VTrans as depicted in Figure 1.



¹ Office of Intermodal Planning and Investment of the Secretary of Transportation established pursuant to § 2.2-229

2.1 VTrans Vision, Guiding Principles, Goals, and Objectives

The first major component of VTrans, development of the Vision, Guiding Principles, Goals, and Objectives, forms the basis upon which the remaining three major components are developed. The CTB updated and adopted the VTrans Guiding Principles, Goals, and Objectives in 2020.¹



Vision

Virginia's multimodal transportation system will be Good for Business, Good for Communities, and Good to Go. Virginians will benefit from a sustainable, reliable transportation system that advances Virginia businesses, attracts a 21st century workforce, and promotes healthy communities where Virginians of all ages and abilities can thrive.

Guiding Principles

GP1: Optimize Return on Investments

Implement the right solution at the right price, striving to meet current needs while advancing long-term prosperity and livability.

GP2: Ensure Safety, Security, and Resiliency

Provide a transportation system that is safe for all users, responds immediately to short-term shocks such as weather events or security emergencies, and adapts effectively to long-term stressors such as sea level rise.

GP3: Efficiently Deliver Programs

Deliver high-quality projects and programs in a cost-effective and timely manner.

GP4: Consider Operational Improvements and Demand Management First

Maximize capacity of the transportation network through increased use of technology and operational improvements as well as managing demand for the system before investing in major capacity expansions.

GP5: Ensure Transparency and Accountability, and Promote Performance Management

Work openly with partners and engage stakeholders in project development and implementation. Establish performance targets that consider the needs of all communities, and measure progress towards targets. Adjust programs and policies as necessary to achieve the established targets.

GP6: Improve Coordination Between Transportation and Land Use

Encourage local governments to plan and manage transportation-efficient land development by providing incentives, technical support, and collaborative initiatives.

GP7: Ensure Efficient Intermodal Connections

Provide seamless connections between modes of transportation to harness synergies.

¹ Commonwealth Transportation Board, <u>Actions to Approve the 2019 VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, Guiding Principles and the 2019 Mid-term Needs</u> <u>Identification Methodology and Accept the 2019 Mid-term Needs</u>, January 15, 2020

Goals



Goal A: Economic Competitiveness and Prosperity

Invest in a transportation system that supports a robust, diverse, and competitive economy



Goal B: Accessible and Connected Places

Increase opportunities for people and businesses to efficiently access jobs, services, activity centers, and

distribution hubs



Goal C: Safety for All Users

Provide a safe and secure transportation system for

passengers and goods on all travel modes



Goal D: Proactive System Management

Maintain the transportation system in good condition and leverage

technology to optimize existing and new infrastructure



Goal E: Healthy Communities and Sustainable Transportation Communities

Support a variety of community types promoting local economies and healthy lifestyles that provide travel options, while preserving agricultural, natural, historic, and cultural resources

Objectives

Objectives:

- A.1. Reduce the amount of travel that takes place in severe congestion
- A.2. Reduce the number and severity of freight bottlenecks
- A.3. Improve reliability on key corridors for all modes

Objectives:

- B.1. Reduce average peak-period travel times in metropolitan areas
- B.2. Reduce average daily trip lengths in metropolitan areas
- B.3. Increase the accessibility to jobs via transit, walking, and driving in metropolitan areas

Objectives:

- C.1. Reduce the number and rate of motorized fatalities and serious injuries
- C.2. Reduce the number of non-motorized fatalities and serious injuries

Objectives:

- D.1. Improve the condition of all bridges based on deck area
- D.2. Increase the lane miles of pavement in good or fair condition
- D.3. Increase percent of transit vehicles and facilities in good or fair condition

Objectives:

- E.1. Reduce per-capita vehicle miles traveled
- E.2. Reduce transportation related NOX, VOC, PM, and CO emissions
- E.3. Increase the number of trips traveled by active transportation (bicycling and walking)

2.1.1 Use of the VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, and Guiding Principles

Outputs of VTrans policies, including, but not limited to, VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, and Guiding Principles, VTrans Mid-term Needs, and VTrans Risks and Opportunities as well as VTrans concepts including, but not limited to, Equity Emphasis Areas, Activity Centers, market adoption curves for electric and automated vehicles, and impacts of VTrans Macrotrends shall be utilized by OIPI, VDOT and DRPT for statewide planning activities, and developing or modifying practices and Board policies.



2.2 VTrans Planning Horizons

The CTB identifies needs for the following two planning horizons:

- Mid-term Planning Horizon: VTrans' analysis for the mid-term planning horizon identifies some of the most pressing transportation issues that need to be addressed over the next 10 years. These needs are referred to as VTrans Mid-term Needs. The needs are identified so that they can inform or guide transportation policies, strategies, and infrastructure improvements developed and implemented by the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) and the Department of Rail and Public Transportation (DRPT), as well as local and regional entities.
- Long-term Planning Horizon: VTrans' analysis for long-term planning identifies risks and opportunities for a zero- to 20-plus-year planning horizon that may require gradual and systematic shifts in policy.

2.3 Key Federal and State Requirements for VTrans

There are several statutory and regulatory requirements that guide and inform VTrans. Select key requirements are included below.

Key Federal Requirements

- 23 CFR § 450.216: Development of statewide transportation plan
- <u>49 U.S.C. § 70202</u>: Development of state freight plan

Key Code of Virgina Requirements

There are several direct or indirect transportation planning requirements or related items in the Code of Virginia that are addressed by VTrans. Some of the key requirements are:

- Develop and Update Statewide Transportation Plan (§ 33.2-353): OIPI to assist the CTB in the development and update of a statewide transportation plan.
- Role of OIPI (§ 2.2-229): OIPI to assist the CTB in the development of a comprehensive, multimodal transportation policy, which may be developed as part of the Statewide Transportation Plan pursuant to § 33.2-353.
- Statewide Prioritization Process for Project Selection (§ 33.2-214.1): Projects and strategies shall be screened by the CTB to determine whether they are consistent with the assessment of capacity needs in VTrans.
- Eligibility for Revenue-sharing Funds (§ 33.2-357): Board assigns second priority to transportation needs identified in VTrans.

CHAPTER 3: VTRANS TRAVEL MARKETS FOR MID-TERM NEEDS

VTrans Mid-term Needs are established for the following VTrans Travel Markets per Virginia State Code § 33.2-353 as well as by CTB Policy.



3.1 Corridors of Statewide Significance (CoSS)

- Number: 12
- **Definition:** An integrated set of multimodal transportation facilities to support interregional travel of people and goods within and outside the state

• Purpose:

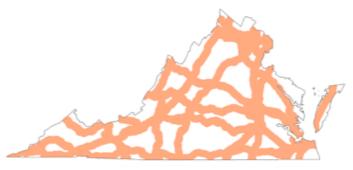
- Support inter-regional and interstate travel
- Connect major centers of activity within and through the Commonwealth
- Promote the movement of people and goods essential to the economic prosperity of the state

• Established:

 Eleven (11) corridors were established¹ as part of VTrans2035 in December 2009, and one was established² in May 2011. A modification was made in January 2020.³

Characteristics:

- Multimodal must involve multiple modes of travel or must be an extended freight corridor
- Connectivity must connect regions, states, and/or major activity centers
- High volume must involve a high volume of travel
- Function must provide a unique statewide function and/or address statewide goals



¹ Commonwealth Transportation Board, <u>VTrans2035 – Virginia's Statewide Multimodal Long-Range Transportation Plan</u>, December 17, 2009.

²Commonwealth Transportation Board, Northern Virginia North-South Corridor of Statewide Significance, May 28, 2011.

³ Commonwealth Transportation Board, Actions to Approve the 2019 VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, Guiding Principles and the 2019 Mid-term Needs Identification Methodology and Accept the 2019 Mid-term Needs, January 15, 2020.





3.2 Regional Networks (RN)

- Number: 15
- **Definition:** Based on designated Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPO) within the Commonwealth. If an MPO boundary includes only a portion of a county, the entire county will be included in the needs analysis area.
- Purpose:
 - Support intra-regional travel
 - Bridge the gap between existing conditions and the desired future for the state's economy
- Established:
 - Fifteen Regional Networks were established in December 19, 2015¹
 - Fauquier County added to Northern Virginia RN as of March 16, 2021,² as per MWCOG MPO Study Area boundary change in 2014³

• Characteristics:

- At least 50,000 people in an urbanized area per US Census estimates
- d in ia RN APO
- Regional Networks include VTrans Activity Centers, which are "areas of regional importance that have a high density
 of economic and social activity" and are associated with the Regional Networks (RNs)

¹ Commonwealth Transportation Board, <u>VTrans2040 Virginia's Statewide Multimodal Long-Range Transportation Plan Vision Plan and Needs Assessments,</u> December 9, 2015

² Commonwealth Transportation Board, Actions to Approve the Policy for the Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Transportation Needs and Accept the <u>Prioritized 2019 VTrans Mid term Needs</u>, March 17, 2021.

³ Metro Washington Council of Governments, <u>https://www.mwcog.org/uploads/committee-documents/aV1YXFhd20140710114716.pdf</u>, July 16, 2014

3.3 Urban Development Areas (UDA)

- Number of UDAs: 230 UDAs;¹ 535 Industrial and Economic Development Areas (IEDA)²
- Definition: Urban Development Areas are locally-designated growth areas based on local initiatives pursuant to VA Code § 15.2-2223. Industrial and Economic Development Areas (IEDAs) are locally-identified industrial and economic development sites submitted to Virginia Economic Development Partnership (VEDP)'s Business-Ready Site Program pursuant to § 2.2-2238.

• Purpose:

 The purpose of UDAs is to: (1) support local, walkable places; and, (2) to the extent possible, to direct federal, state and local transportation, housing, water and sewer facility, economic development, and other public infrastructure funding to designated UDAs. The purpose of IEDAs is to support economic development.

• Established:

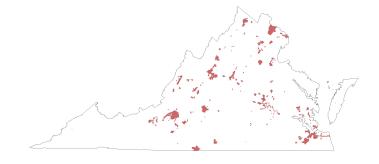
 UDAs are established on an ongoing basis, per local government designation in a locality's Comprehensive Plan pursuant to <u>§15.2-2223</u>. IEDA's are also established or removed on an ongoing basis.

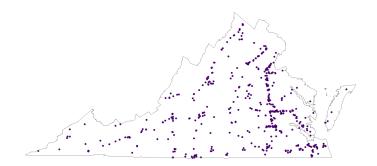
Characteristics of UDAs:

- Pedestrian-friendly road design
- Interconnection of new local streets with existing local streets and roads
- Connectivity of road and pedestrian networks
- Preservation of natural areas
- Mixed-use neighborhoods, including mixed housing types, with affordable housing to meet the projected family income distributions of future residential growth
- Reduction of front and side yard building setbacks
- Reduction of subdivision street widths and turning radii at subdivision street intersections

Characteristics of IEDAs:

- Pursuant to <u>§ 2.2-2238</u> and consistent with Virginia Economic Development Partnership's (VEDP) <u>Business Ready Sites Program (VBRSP)</u>
- Minimum of 100 contiguous acres (statutory); VEDP accepts sites of 25+ acres
- Allows for industrial and research parks
- Applicants to program must be political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia, including counties, cities, towns, industrial/economic development authorities, and redevelopment and housing authorities or regional industrial facility authority



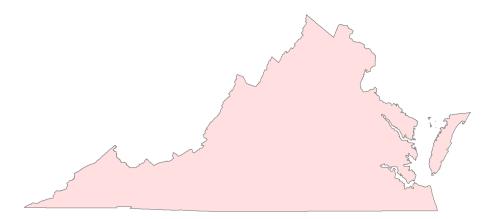


¹ As of November 30, 2019 ² As of November 30, 2019



3.4 Safety

- Definition: A Safety analysis is conducted for all public roadways in the Commonwealth
- Established: The Safety Travel Market was established as part of VTrans2040¹



¹ Commonwealth Transportation Board, <u>VTrans2040 Virginia's Statewide Multimodal Long-Range Transportation Plan Vision Plan and Needs</u> <u>Assessments</u>, December 9, 2015

CHAPTER 4: POLICY FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF THE VTRANS MID-TERM NEEDS

The Policy for the Identification of VTrans Mid-term Needs establishes multimodal need categories that correspond to the Board-adopted VTrans Vision, Goals, and Objectives.¹ Each need category has one or more performance measures and thresholds to identify one or more needs. The Policy for the Identification of the VTrans Mid-term Needs was approved by the Commonwealth Transportation Board in January 2020.

Table 1 below outlines need categories and corresponding measures and thresholds established per the CTB policy for the identification of VTrans Mid-term Needs. Locations where the performance measure exceeds the threshold are designated as VTrans Mid-term Needs.

Table 1: VTrans Goals and Associated	d VTrans Mid-term Needs Categories
--------------------------------------	------------------------------------

Need Category	VTrans Travel Market(s)	Measure and Threshold for Establishing VTrans Mid-term Needs					
Goal A: Economic C	Goal A: Economic Competitiveness and Prosperity						
Congestion Mitigation	CoSS, RN	At least two percent of the average travel takes place in the excessively congested condition, defined as travel speed below 75 percent of posted speed limit					
	CoSS, RN	Travel Time Index (TTI) 1.3 or higher for at least three hours OR 1.5 or higher for at least one hour					
Improved Reliability (Highway)	CoSS, RN	Level of Travel Time Reliability (LOTTR) 1.5 or higher for at least one hour					
Improved Reliability (Intercity and Commuter Rail)	COSS	Intercity or commuter rail on-time performance less than 80% at applicable rail stations OR on-time performance less than 90% for applicable rail lines					
Goal B: Accessible c	and Connec	ted Places					
Transit Access to Equity Emphasis Areas	RN	An area with no fixed-route transit service, that has population density to support fixed-route transit service, and that has significantly higher-than-average concentrations of people who are low-income, people with disabilities, minority populations, populations with Limited English Proficiency (LEP), or populations age 75 or higher.					
Transit Access to Activity Centers	RN	A VTrans Activity Center where the Deficit of workers who can access the Activity Center by bus or rail transit within 45 minutes compared to those who can access the Activity Center by automobile within 45 minutes is greater than 0					
Pedestrian Access to Activity Centers	RN	1-mile distance from local-serving and knowledge-based Activity Centers, fixed- guideway transit stations, and bus rapid transit (BRT) lines					
Bicycle Access to Activity Centers	RN	7-mile distance from around local-serving and knowledge-based Activity Centers, fixed-guideway transit stations, and bus rapid transit (BRT) lines					
Access to Industrial and Economic Development Areas (IEDAs)	Statewide	Virginia Business Ready Sites Program site with readiness status of Tier 3 or above					
Urban Development Areas (UDAs)	UDA ^{2,3}	Locality-identified transportation needs for bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure, circulation and access, safety, transit enhancements and access to locally					

¹ Commonwealth Transportation Board, <u>Actions to Approve the 2019 VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, Guiding Principles and the 2019 Mid-term Needs</u> <u>Identification Methodology and Accept the 2019 Mid-term Needs</u>, January 15, 2020

designated UDAs

² Per Code of Virginia <u>§ 33.2-353</u> and <u>§ 15.2-2223.1</u>

³ For the purposes of screening for the statewide prioritization process for project selection pursuant to § 33.2-214.1 of the Code of Virginia, identified UDA Needs shall also be considered RN Needs if RN congestion Needs are 20 miles or fewer.

POLICY FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF THE VTRANS MID-TERM NEEDS (CONTINUED)

Need Category	VTrans Travel Market(s)	Measure and Threshold for Establishing VTrans Mid-term Needs		
Goal C: Safety for A	All Users			
Roadway Safety	Statewide ¹	For each Construction District, includes VDOT Top 100 Potential for Safety Improvement (PSI) Intersections and Segments, and PSI locations with 3+ Fatal or Injury crashes at the intersection or segment over the last five years		
Pedestrian Safety	Statewide	Priority corridors identified in VDOT Pedestrian Safety Action Plan ²		
Goal D: Proactive System Management				
Capacity Preservation	CoSS, RN	Inclusion in the VDOT Arterial Preservation Network ³ (the state-maintained portion of the National Highway System, as well as additional highways that facilitate connectivity)		
Goal E: Healthy Communities and Sustainable Transportation Communities				
Transportation Demand Management	CoSS, RN	Transportation Demand Management (TDM) needs based on roadway facility type and VTrans Travel Market		

4.1 Interpretation and Usage of the Identified VTrans Mid-term Needs

Identified Needs or underlying issues are assigned to roadway segments for geographical precision. They should be interpreted and used in the following manner:

- A solution does not have to be co-located with a need as long as the purpose and effectiveness of a solution addresses the underlying VTrans Mid-term Need.
- A VTrans Need Category does not specify a type or mode of response. For example, a solution to a Need for Improved Reliability may not be roadway-centric and can instead be addressed by multimodal infrastructure improvements such as transit or rail services or park-and-ride infrastructure. Similarly, a Need for Improved Reliability may also be addressed by policies (e.g. variable pricing, occupancy or vehicle restrictions, etc.) or programs such as commuter assistance programs.
- The methodology outlined in the Technical Guide for the Identification and Prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs, shall direct identification and prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs and may continue to evolve and improve based upon advances in technology, data collection, and reporting tools, and to the extent that any such improvements modify or affect the policy and process set forth in the VTrans Policy Guide, they shall be brought to the Commonwealth Transportation Board for review and approval.
- Outputs of VTrans policies, including, but not limited to, VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, and Guiding Principles, VTrans Mid-term Needs, and VTrans Risks and Opportunities as well as VTrans concepts including, but not limited to, Equity Emphasis Areas, Activity Centers, market adoption curves for electric and automated vehicles, and impacts of VTrans Macrotrends shall be utilized by OIPI, VDOT and DRPT for statewide planning activities, and developing or modifying practices and Board policies.

¹ For the purposes of screening for statewide prioritization process for project selection pursuant to § 33.2-214.1 of the Code of Virginia, the identified safety Needs on CoSS roadways shall also be considered CoSS Needs.

² <u>http://www.virginiadot.org/business/resources/VDOT_PSAP_Report_052118_with_Appendix_A_B_C.pdf</u>

³ VDOT Arterial Preservation Program Network

CHAPTER 5: POLICY FOR THE PRIORITIZATION OF THE VTRANS MID-TERM NEEDS

The Policy for the Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Needs¹ is conducted in four steps shown in Figure 2 and described in greater detail below.



Step 1: Define Geographical Levels of Prioritization	 Establish criteria for aggregating VTrans Need Categories 			
	Step 2: Prioritize Within Needs Categories • Establish priorities within each VTrans Need Category			
		Step 3: Weigh and Aggregate Needs <u>Across</u> Needs Categories	 Apply weightin Identify initial S Construction Di 	•
			Step 4: Adjust Priorities for Influencing Factors	 Consider influencing factors Adjust the Statewide and Construction District Priority Locations

- Step 1: Two sets of priorities are established Statewide Priority Locations and VDOT Construction District Priority Locations for each of the nine Districts. Each relies on different Need Categories and Travel Markets per Table 2.
- Step 2: This step utilizes the severity of a need and the magnitude of the impact of the need to categorize the Board-adopted VTrans Mid-term Needs as Very High, High, Medium, and Low.
- Step 3: This step takes the needs as categorized above and weights them to form a location- or roadway segment-specific weighted score.
- Step 4: The final step makes adjustments to the step three results in light of factors affecting the transportation network that may be important to take into account, and then categorizes the locations as *Statewide Priority 1*, *Priority 2*, *Priority 3*, or *Priority 4*, and *District Priority 1*, *Priority 2*, *Priority 3*, or *Priority 4*.

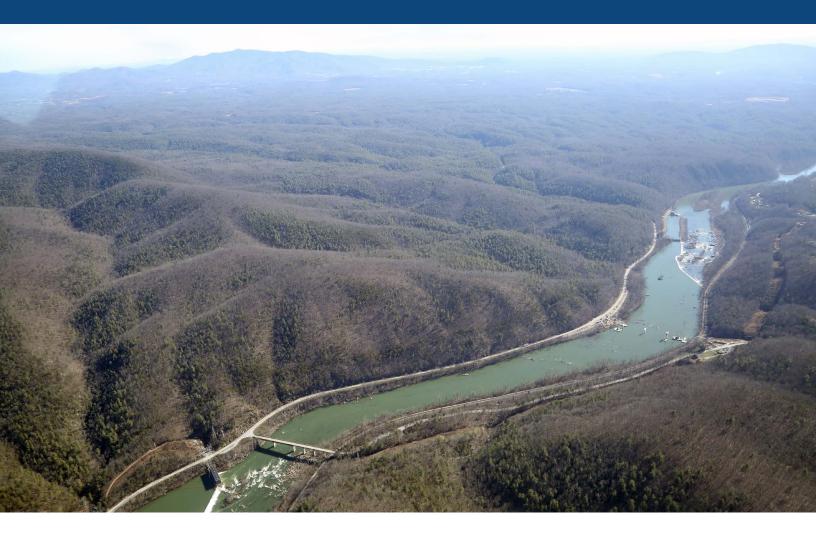
¹ Commonwealth Transportation Board, <u>Actions to Approve the Policy for the Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Transportation Needs and Accept the</u> <u>Prioritized 2019 VTrans Mid term Needs</u>, March 17, 2021.

5.1 Step 1: Define Geographical Levels of Prioritization

Two sets of Priority Locations are established – Statewide Priority Locations and Construction District Priority Locations. Each relies on different Need Categories and Travel Markets per Table 2.

Levels of Prioritization	Statewide Priority Locations	Construction District Priority Locations
Aggregation Level	Statewide: Corridors of Statewide Significance	VDOT Construction District
Applicable Need Categories	 Congestion Mitigation (CoSS) Improved Reliability (Highway) (CoSS) Improved Reliability (Intercity and Commuter Rail) (CoSS) Roadway Safety (along CoSS) Capacity Preservation (CoSS) Transportation Demand Management (CoSS) 	 Congestion Mitigation (RN) Improved Reliability (Highway) (RN) Transit Access to Equity Emphasis Areas (RN) Transit Access to Activity Centers (RN) Pedestrian Access to Activity Centers (RN) Bicycle Access to Activity Centers (RN) Access to Industrial and Economic Development Areas (IEDA) Safety (Segments and Intersections) Safety (Pedestrian Safety) Capacity Preservation (CoSS, RN) Transportation Demand Management (RN)

Table 2: Geographic Levels of	Prioritization and /	Applicable Travel Markets



5.2 Step 2: Prioritize Within VTrans Mid-term Needs Categories

The second step establishes priorities Very High, High, Medium, and Low within each VTrans Mid-term Need Category per the following:¹

- Very High Priority: Top 5% of the total mileage of the applicable needs
- High Priority: Top 5.001%–15% of the total mileage
- Medium Priority: Top 15.001%-25% of the total mileage
- Low Priority: Bottom 25.001%–100% of the total mileage

The above-referenced priorities within each VTrans Mid-term Need Category are categorized based on the following two criteria:

- Severity of the Need: This criteria takes into account the intensity or extremity of the Need.
- Magnitude of the Need: This criteria takes into account the number of residents, vehicles, or persons impacted by the Need.

¹ Limitations of the existing datasets as well as the need to avoid small fractional distributions of the needs have required utilization of non-percentile based distribution or prioritization within VTrans Mid-term Needs. These are outlined in more detail in the Technical Guide for the Identification and Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Needs.

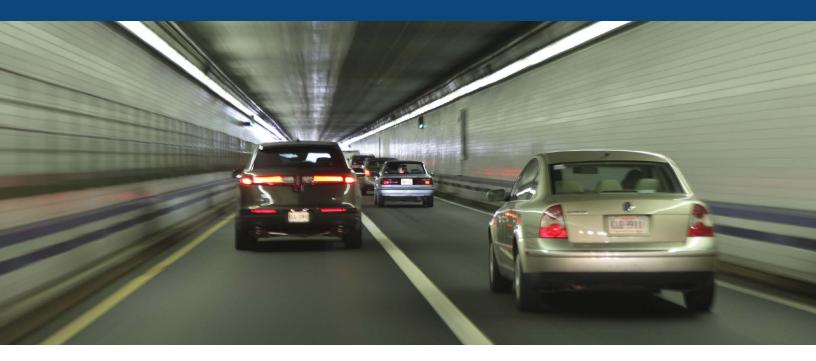
5.3 Step 3: Weigh and Aggregate VTrans Mid-term Needs Across Needs Categories

The third step takes the VTrans Mid-term Needs as categorized above, weighs and aggregates them to form a location- or roadway segment-specific score. Weighting for Construction District Priority Locations are based on SMART SCALE Area Types.¹

Travel Market	Board-adopted VTrans	Weighting– Statewide Priority	Weighting – Construction District Priority ¹				
	Need Category		Area Type A	Area Type B	Area Type C	Area Type D	
CoSS	Congestion Mitigation	25.00%					
CoSS	Improved Reliability (Highway)	15.00%					
CoSS	Improved Reliability (Intercity and Commuter Rail)	10.00%		These Need Categories are not utilized for establishing Construction District			
Safety	Roadway Safety (along CoSS)	25.00%	for e	-	ocations.	District	
CoSS	Capacity Preservation	10.00%					
CoSS	Transportation Demand Management	15.00%					
RN	Congestion Mitigation		25.00%	15.00%	10.00%	5.00%	
RN	Improved Reliability (Highway)		20.00%	10.00%	5.00%	5.00%	
RN	Transit Access to Equity Emphasis Areas		5.00%	6.25%	6.25%	3.75%	
RN	Transit Access to Activity Centers		5.00%	6.25%	6.25%	3.75%	
RN	Pedestrian Access to Activity Centers	These Need Categories are not utilized for	5.00%	6.25%	6.25%	3.75%	
RN	Bicycle Access to Activity Centers	establishing	5.00%	6.25%	6.25%	3.75%	
UDA	Access to Industrial and Economic Development Areas	Statewide Priority Locations.	2.50%	10.00%	10.00%	15.00%	
Safety	Roadway Safety		15.00%	15.00%	20.00%	25.00%	
Safety	Pedestrian Safety		5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	
CoSS, RN	Capacity Preservation		2.50%	10.00%	15.00%	20.00%	
RN	Transportation Demand Management		10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	
	Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Table 3: Weighting to Establish Statewide and Construction District Priority Locations

¹ Commonwealth Transportation Board. <u>Adoption of Updated Policy for Implementation of the SMART SCALE Project Prioritization Process.</u> February 19, 2020.



5.4 Step 4: Adjust Priorities for Influencing Factors

The final step is to adjust the scores determined in Step 3 in light of factors affecting the transportation network that may be important to take into account. Presence or absence of these factors will not cause a location to be assigned a lower Priority level than assigned in Step 3; they can only increase a location's Priority level.

- Co-located bridge repair, rehabilitation, or replacement needs
- Co-located pavement repair, rehabilitation, or replacement needs
- Exposure to projected sea level rise, storm surge, or historical inland/riverine flooding
- Co-located Economically Distressed Communities¹

Adjustments are made for each location from Step 3 based on the level of the applicable influencing factor criteria.

5.5 Establishment of Statewide and Construction District Priority Locations

The final adjusted Statewide Priority Locations and Construction District Priority Locations are then established as follows:

Statewide Priority Locations are assigned levels 1–4 based on their relative statewide rank by roadway segment mileage in the following manner:

- Priority 1 Locations: Top 0%–1% of the total mileage
- Priority 2 Locations: 1.001%–5% of the total mileage
- Priority 3 Locations: 5.001%–15% of the total mileage
- Priority 4 Locations: Bottom 15.001%–100% of the total mileage

Construction District Priority Locations are assigned levels 1–4 based on their relative rank for each VDOT Construction District by roadway segment mileage in the following manner:

- Priority 1 Locations: Top 0%–1% of the total mileage
- Priority 2 Locations: 1.001%–5% of the total mileage
- Priority 3 Locations: 5.001%–15% of the total mileage
- Priority 4 Locations: Bottom 15.001%–100% of the total mileage

¹ Source: Economic Innovation Group's Distressed Communities Index, <u>https://eig.org/dci</u>. See map at <u>www.vtrans.org/interactvtrans</u>.

5.5.1 Interpretation and Usage of the Prioritized VTrans Mid-term Needs

Prioritized Needs are location-specific for geographical precision. They should be interpreted and used in the following manner:

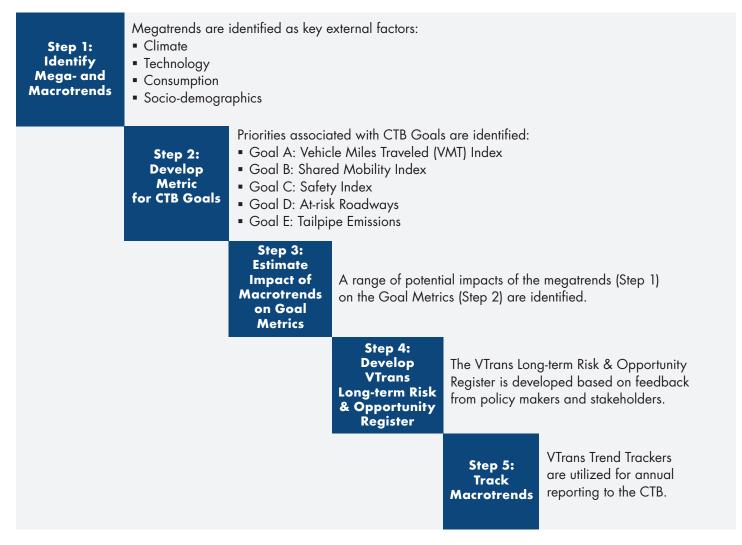
- A solution does not have to be co-located with a prioritized need as long as the purpose and effectiveness of a solution addresses the underlying issue(s).
- A VTrans Need Category does not specify a mode-specific response. For example, a solution to a Need for Improved Reliability may not be roadway-centric and can instead be addressed by multimodal infrastructure improvements such as transit or rail services or park-and-ride infrastructure. Similarly, a Need for Improved Reliability may also be addressed by policies (e.g. variable pricing, occupancy or vehicle restrictions, etc.) or programs such as commuter assistance programs.
- The methodology outlined in the Technical Guide for the Identification and Prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs, shall direct prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs and may continue to evolve and improve based upon advances in technology, data collection, and reporting tools, and to the extent that any such improvements modify or affect the policy and process set forth in the VTrans Policy Guide, they shall be brought to the Commonwealth Transportation Board for review and approval.
- VDOT and DRPT funds for corridor or facility planning and advance activities relating to concepts addressing a capacity need of the surface transportation network shall be limited to the Statewide and Construction District Priority 1 Locations.
- The Commonwealth Transportation Board may also select one VTrans Mid-term Need per state fiscal year for each VDOT Construction District for the purpose of corridor or facility planning and advance activities relating to concepts addressing a capacity need.
- Outputs of VTrans policies, including, but not limited to, VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, and Guiding Principles, VTrans Mid-term Needs, and VTrans Risks and Opportunities as well as VTrans concepts including, but not limited to, Equity Emphasis Areas, Activity Centers, market adoption curves for electric and automated vehicles, and impacts of VTrans Macrotrends shall be utilized by OIPI, VDOT and DRPT for statewide planning activities, and developing or modifying practices and Board policies.

CHAPTER 6: POLICY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND MONITORING OF THE VTRANS LONG-TERM RISK & OPPORTUNITY REGISTER

The VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register is developed based on the following steps:

- Step 1: Megatrends¹ and associated Macrotrends² are identified.
- Step 2: CTB's priorities are identified based on the CTB's Vision, Goals, and Objectives³.
- Step 3: Impact of mega and macrotrends on the CTB's priorities is estimated.
- Step 4: VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register is developed based on the projected impacts on established priorities.
- Step 5: OIPI reviews and provides annual updates to the CTB for the identified risks and opportunities.

Figure 3: Steps for Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register



- ¹ Megatrend: Megatrends are defined as "the great forces in societal development that will very likely affect the future in all areas over the next 10-15 years. A megatrend is also defined as "a large, social, economic, political, environmental or technological change that is slow to form. Once in place, megatrends influence a wide range of activities, processes and perceptions, both in government and in society, possibly for decades. They are the underlying forces that drive trends". Source: <u>European Foresight Platform</u>.
- ² Macrotrend: A macrotrend is defined as "An emerging pattern of change likely to impact state government and require a response. Multiple macrotrends can be associated with a megatrend." Source: <u>Transportation Policy Task Force Suggested State Legislation Docket</u>. 2009. California
- ³ Commonwealth Transportation Board, <u>Actions to Approve the 2019 VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, Guiding Principles and the 2019 Mid-term Needs</u> <u>Identification Methodology and Accept the 2019 Mid-term Needs</u>, January 15, 2020

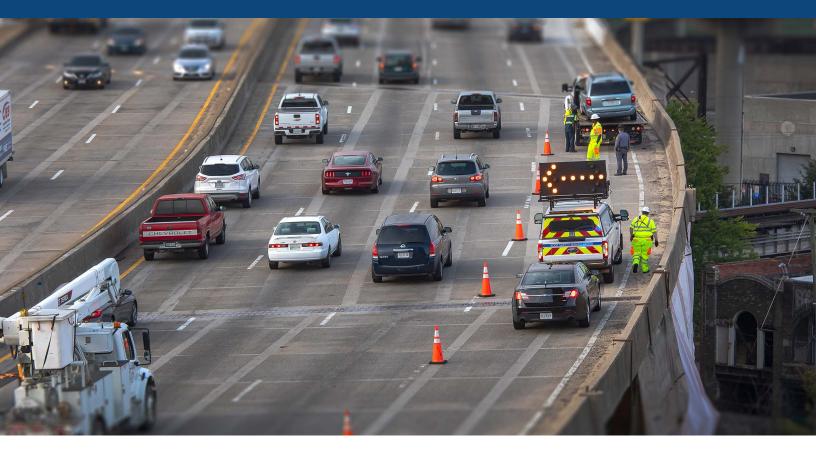
6.1 Step 1: Identify Mega- and Macrotrends

OIPI has identified and shall periodically update Mega- and Macrotends identified in Table 4 to account for factors significant from a transportation planning and investment perpective.

Table 4: VTrans Mega- and Macrotrends



¹ Definition of Vulnerability: Vulnerability is a function of exposure to a hazard(s), the sensitivity to the given hazard, and adaptive capacity or the system's ability to cope. ² Definition of Resiliency: The capability to anticipate, prepare for, respond to and recover from extreme weather event(s) with minimum damage to social well-being, infrastructure, the economy, and the environment.



6.2 Step 2: Develop Metrics for CTB Goals

OIPI shall develop metric(s) for each CTB Goal.

Table 5: Develop Metric(s) for CTB Goals

	Goal A: Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) Index (Estimated Change Due to VTrans Macrotrends)
	Goal B: Shared Mobility Index (Switchable Urban Auto SOV VMT to Micromobility and TNC/Ridesourcing)
SAFETY FIRST	Goal C: Safety Index (Safety Index - Estimated Change in Number of Crashes with Fatalities + Serious Injuries Due to VTrans Macrotrends)
	Goal D: Roadways at Risk of Flooding
	Goal E: Tailpipe Emissions Index (Estimated Change Due to VTrans Macrotrends)

6.3 Step 3: Estimate Impact of Macrotrends on CTB Goal Metrics

OIPI shall establish an order of influence and estimate cumulative impacts of macrotrends, as shown in Table 6, on Goal Metrics identified in Step 2.

Order of Influence	Macrotrend (listed in order of influence)	VMT Index	Shared Mobility Index	Safety Index	Number of Directional Miles of Roadways at Risk from Flooding	Tailpipe Emissions Index
1	Macrotrend # 1: Increase in Flooding Risk				•	
	Macrotrend # 9: Growth of the 65+ Cohort		Included in the	e 2045 Business	-as-usual Scenaric)
2	Macrotrend # 8: Increase in Workplace Flexibility	•	•			•
	Macrotrend # 2: Adoption of Highly Autonomous Vehicles	•	•	•		•
	Macrotrend # 3: Adoption of Electric Vehicles	•	•			•
3	Macrotrend # 4: Growth in Shared Mobility	•	•			•
4	Macrotrend # 5: Growth in E-commerce	•				•
	Macrotrend # 6: Greater Automation of Goods and Services	•				•
5	Macrotrend # 7: Growth of Professional Service Industry	Included in the 2045 Business-as-usual Scenario				
	Macrotrend # 10: Population and Employment Shift					
	Cumulative Impacts	•	•	•	•	•

• Quantified in Step 3



6.4 Step 4: Develop VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register

OIPI shall develop and update the VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register (the Risk Register) based on feedback and direction from the CTB and other stakeholders. At minimum, the Risk Register shall be based on reliable sources reflecting the state of the practice to allow for quantification of impacts of VTrans Macrotrends listed in Step 1 of the process.

The VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity shall allow for systematic and methodical identification of risks¹ and opportunities.² It shall also take into account the work completed in Steps 1 through 3, including the order of influence established for the ten macrotrends and the magnitude of impact established in Step 3.

Table 7 lists risks and opportunities identified based on the 2021 Update.

Table 7: VTrans 2021 Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register				
Macrotrend	Characterization	Description		
R	\bigwedge	 A large number of the state's roadways are at risk of flooding Several unknown and unquantified flooding risks are present Impacts of increased flooding risk are disproportionately higher for certain geographic areas and populations 		
	- ;; -	 Proactively eliminate or mitigate identified flooding risks Increase the state's preparedness to address other macrotrends associated with climate change megatrend 		
Uncertainty with	n negative impacts on C	TB Goals in Step 3		

¹ The term risk is defined as a situation or scenario wherein there is some uncertainty and at least some probability of a negative outcome or result. ² The term opportunity is defined as a situation or scenario wherein there is some uncertainty and at least some probability of a positive outcome or result.

Macrotrend	Characterization	Description
		6. Greater wear-and-tear on the transportation system due to increased vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and increase in average vehicle weight
	- ; ;-	 Improve the state's ability to manage a transportation system with a high number of highly autonomous vehicles Maximize safety benefits offered by highly autonomous vehicles, especially those with Automated Driving System
	\bigwedge	9. Higher vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for each unit of economic activity compared to the present fleet
	- ; -	10. Minimize environmental impacts of the transportation system development
	\bigwedge	11. Increased curb access conflicts in urbanized areas
	\bigwedge	 Projected growth in shared mobility (micromobility and TNC/ridesourcing) does not provide measurable transportation system benefits Benefits of growth in shared mobility are not equally accessible by all areas and population segments
		 Utilize shared mobility services to improve accessibility Improve the state's ability to manage a transportation system with a high number of shared mobility vehicles
	- ; ;-	 Proactively eliminate or mitigate transportation impacts associated with e-commerce including those related to large warehouse and distribution centers
	÷.	17. Improve state's ability to proactively manage transportation impacts associated with greater automation of production and services
	÷.	 Maximize utilization of workplace flexibility for telework capable jobs
	\bigwedge	19. Transportation system and services are unable to meet mobility needs of Virginians age 65 and older

Uncertainty with negative impacts on CTB Goals in Step 3



Uncertainty with a positive impact on CTB Goals in Step 3

6.4.1 Interpretation and Usage of the VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register

- The methodology outlined in the Technical Guide: Development and Monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register, shall direct the development and monitoring of VTrans Long-term Risks and Opportunities and may continue to evolve and improve based upon advances in technology, data collection, and reporting tools, and to the extent that any such improvements modify or affect the policy and process set forth in the VTrans Policy Guide, they shall be brought to the Board for review and approval.
- OIPI, VDOT, an DRPT shall undertake coordinated actions to minimize long-term risks and maximize benefits of long-term opportunities identified in the 2021 VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register.
- Outputs of VTrans policies, including, but not limited to, VTrans Vision, Goals, Objectives, and Guiding Principles, VTrans Mid-term Needs, and VTrans Risks and Opportunities as well as VTrans concepts including, but not limited to, Equity Emphasis Areas, Activity Centers, market adoption curves for electric and automated vehicles, and impacts of VTrans Macrotrends shall be utilized by OIPI, VDOT and DRPT for statewide planning activities, and developing or modifying practices and Board policies.

6.5 Step 5: Track Macrotrends

OIPI shall provide updates to the CTB on the VTrans Mega- and Macrotrends and any changes to items in the 2021 Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register once per calendar year based on a monitoring of the macrotrends and the Trend Trackers identified in Table 8.

Table 8: VTrans Trend Trackers

VTrans M	acrotrend	VTrans Trend Trackers
	1. Increase in Flooding Risk	 Number of directional miles at risk from sea level rise Number of directional miles at risk from storm surge Number of directional miles at risk from inland/riverine flooding Annual cost of transportation repair due to flooding events
	2. Adoption of Highly Autonomous Vehicles	 Market Penetration of Semi-Autonomous (Levels 1 and 2) Vehicles Attitude and Preferences for Adoption of Semi-Autonomous (Levels 1 and 2) Vehicles¹ Market Penetration of Highly Autonomous (Levels 3 and 4) Vehicles¹ Attitude and Preferences for Adoption of Highly Autonomous (Levels 3 and 4)¹ Vehicles
	3. Adoption of Electric Vehicles	 Number of Electric Vehicles Market Penetration of Electric Vehicles Attitude and Preferences for Adoption of Electric Vehicles¹ Transportation Revenue by Revenue Source
	4. Growth in Shared Mobility	 Access to Shared Mobility Services¹ Utilization of Shared Mobility Services by Type¹
	5. Growth in E-Commerce	 Number of Warehouse and Distribution Centers Square Footage of Warehouse and Distribution Centers Share of E-commerce Sales (Business-to-business, business-to-customers) Number of Jobs in Goods Movement Dependent Industries
	6. Greater Automation of Production and Serices	 Number of short-range drone deliveries Number of long-range drone deliveries
	7. Growth of Professional Service Industry	Share of Professional Service Industry JobsNumber of STEM Jobs
	8. Increase in Workplace Flexibility	 Number of Workers with Workplace Flexibility¹ Utilization of Workplace Flexibility¹
	9. Growth of the Age 65+ Cohort	 Number of Virginians with Age 65 or higher Share of Age 65+ Cohort
220	10. Population and Employment Shift	 VTrans Land Use Vitality (LUV) Index Population Employment Income

¹ OIPI shall conduct a biennial statistically valid survey to measure these trend trackers.

APPENDIX A: UPDATES TO THE VTRANS POLICY GUIDE

Document Effective Date	Description
October 29, 2020	This version, titled "Policy Guide for the Identification and Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Needs", was made available for public review and comment prior to Action by the Commonwealth Transportation Board on the Draft Policy for the Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Needs.
March 16, 2021	This version reflected modifications to the Draft Policy for the Prioritization of VTrans Mid-term Needs based on public comment prior to Action by the Commonwealth Transportation Board.
March 24, 2021	This version reflected the action by the Commonwealth Transportation Board to approve the Policy for the Prioritization of the VTrans Mid-term Needs.
September, 2021	This version reflected a simplified document name, "VTrans Policy Guide", and an addition of the draft policy for the development and monitoring of the VTrans Long-term Risk & Opportunity Register.
November, 2021	Updated Draft for CTB review, edited for errors.
December, 2021	Additional edits for clarification and consistency.

The list below reflects version updates to this document. For questions, please reach out to OIPI.

PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF INTERMODAL PLANNING AND INVESTMENT FOR THE COMMONWEALTH TRANSPORTATION BOARD

