

I-64, I-664, and I-95 Corridor Improvement Plans







Freeway Operations Improvement Strategies

CCTV Cameras





Cameras used to detect incidents and provide visual verification and situational awareness of incidents that facilitates improved emergency response.



Changeable Message Signs (CMS)





Changeable message signs and directional travel time signs inform drivers of incident conditions ahead and can be used to help manage detours.



Safety Service Patrol





Support vehicles that detect incidents, provide scene support, help stranded motorists, and clear obstructions and debris.



Towing Programs







Towing services that are activated as incidents are detected to open the roadway faster.



Variable Speed Limits



Adjustable speed limit signs that change the speed limit to reduce traffic congestion and harmonize traffic flow. System is implemented in conjunction with an automated warning system.



Ramp Metering



Traffic signals on ramps that meter traffic from the ramp onto the freeway to ease congestion and improve safety of merging vehicles into travel lane.



Geofenced Emergency Notifications



Emergency alert broadcasts sent to nearby motorists about major road closures or incidents.



Advanced Work Zone Technology

RM3P

GOALS

Traveler Choice



Advanced technologies that manage work zones and provide real-time information to the public.



Public Safety Answering Point PSAP) Integration





Incident information from local 911 call centers integrated into the traffic operations centers.



Traffic Management System Upgrades



Traffic management software and hardware upgrades to improve monitoring and response capabilities.



Additional TOC Staffing



Additional incident management staff to improve incident response and traffic operations center management.

Regional Multi-Modal Mobility Program (RM3P)

Computer Parking Information System



Crowd-sourced data and historical parking trends used to share commuter lot occupancy through third party apps, 511, agency websites, social media, and changeable message signs.

Corridor Based Dynamic Incentivization



A data-driven incentive program that encourages commuters to choosealternative transportation modes ortelework during times of congestion.

Data and Data Storage



A centralized cloud-based data collection and access system to be used by transportation providers to improve their services.

Predicted Artificial Intelligence (AI) Based Decision Support System

Existing incident, crash, and weather data leveraged with AI to pre-stage traffic management assets and coordinate responses throughout the region.



Mobility as a Service Dynamic Service Gap Dashboard





All RM3P categories apply to the I-95 Corridor

